

一般選抜全学部統一方式・S方式(英語)

(解答時間50分)

マーク解答は ～ です。

〔解答上の注意〕

マークシートによる解答は、下記の例にしたがいマークシートの解答欄に対応する解答群の中から、正しい答えの番号を選んでマークする。

(例) に③と答えたいとき。

解答 番号	解 答 欄									
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
4	①	①	②	●	④	⑤	⑥	⑦	⑧	⑨

- 試験開始の合図があるまで、この問題冊子を開かないでください。
- ①解答用紙は、マークシート1枚です。
②氏名を記入してください。
③座席番号を記入してください。
④代表受験番号を記入し、さらにその下のマーク欄に正しくマークしてください。
- 問題冊子の印刷不鮮明、ページの落丁・乱丁および解答用紙の汚れ等がある場合は、手を挙げて監督者に申し出て交換してください。
- 試験途中の退席はできません。
- 問題冊子の余白は適宜利用して構いません。
- 試験終了後、問題冊子は持ち帰ってください。

英 語

〔 I 〕 次の A・B・C にそれぞれ答えなさい。

A. 次の問(1)～(3)の英語が表している語として最も適当なものを、それぞれ下の 1～4のうちから一つ選び、その番号を解答用紙の所定欄にマークしなさい。

問(1)

The study of the mind and how it influences people's behavior.

1. economics 2. politics 3. biology 4. psychology

問(2)

A very small living thing that causes infectious illnesses.

1. virus 2. agriculture 3. atom 4. factory

問(3)

To tell someone about something in a way that is clear or easy to understand.

1. complain 2. claim 3. suggest 4. explain

B. 次の英文(4)～(5)の空欄を埋めるのに最も適当なものを、それぞれ下の 1～4のうちから一つ選び、その番号を解答用紙の所定欄にマークしなさい。

問(4) We have to make an effort to customers' needs.

1. meet 2. enjoy 3. take 4. put

問(5) My chair was broken. I have to order new .

1. this 2. it 3. that 4. one

問(6) The homework proved to be than they had expected.

1. so 2. very 3. too 4. more

問(7) your help, I could have finished this report in time.

1. With 2. Because 3. But 4. By

問(8) The large amount of confusing information is made the task really difficult.

1. what 2. it 3. that 4. where

問(9) Let's go home before it too dark.

1. will get 2. would get 3. is getting 4. gets

問(10) I came a good idea.

1. along 2. up with 3. on 4. down to

問(11) Are you for or my opinion?

1. with 2. behind 3. against 4. over

問(12) Cyclists are asked to be aware of and ride considerately.

1. participants 2. supporters 3. pedestrians 4. farmers

問(13) My brother was very ill last month, and I him to the hospital.

1. have to take 2. was taken 3. must take 4. had to take

問(14) One place I didn't look for my smartphone was the bathroom.

1. when 2. what 3. as 4. where

問(15) This bird is an species because the number of it is rapidly decreasing.

1. endangered 2. active 3. irritating 4. interesting

英 語

C. 次の英文(16)～(18)がそれぞれ完成した文章になるように、その文意にそって1～5を並べ替えなさい。そして3番目にくるものの番号を一つ選び、その番号を解答用紙の所定欄にマークしなさい。ただし、文頭に来る語も小文字で示している。

問(16) The store is closed 16 .

- | | | |
|---------------|------------|--------|
| 1. to | 2. weather | 3. due |
| 4. conditions | 5. bad | |

問(17) 17 again and again.

- | | | |
|------------|---------|-------|
| 1. worth | 2. book | 3. is |
| 4. reading | 5. this | |

問(18) Since I haven't had time to go shopping, there 18 eggs and vegetables.

- | | | |
|---------|------------|-----------|
| 1. some | 2. is | 3. except |
| 4. left | 5. nothing | |

- 〔Ⅱ〕 次の対話の空欄 19 ～ 23 に入れるのに最も適当なものを、下の1～5のうちから一つ選び、その番号を解答用紙の所定欄にマークしなさい。ただし、同じものを繰り返し選んではならない。なお、★のついた語句には注があります。

Risa and Andy discuss their thoughts about the recent changes in the weather.

Risa : Hi, have you been keeping up with all the strange weather events on the news recently?

Andy : 19 I can't imagine how scary★ that would be.

Risa : Indeed. However, there are so many people who refuse to believe in climate change. The signs are remarkable in my opinion. What do you think?

Andy : I agree that there's no denying it. I'm a strong believer in science. 20 Scientists have presented us with plenty of evidence to show that human activities are affecting the weather all around the world.

Risa : Right. Judging from what I've read, there is a lot of science to support the idea that climate change is real. 21 The weather is influenced by many factors and often in ways we don't yet understand. So, I understand why some people might disagree that climate change is always to blame. 22 If we don't change our ways, I'm afraid that we might not be able to reverse★ the damage we've done to the environment. Personally, I just think it's our duty to continue trying to make the world a better place for future generations.

Andy : Well said. I agree completely. Although some of these changes are not the direct result of climate change, I still think we need to put an end to our destructive★ way. 23 I'm going to start doing my part.

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〈注〉

*scary: 恐ろしい

*reverse: 逆転させる

*destructive: 破壊的な

1. However, doing nothing is dangerous.
2. But since it's such a complex problem, there is still a lot we have to learn.
3. So if scientists are telling us that we've been damaging the planet, I'm going to take their word for it.
4. Many countries have been dealing with frequent natural disasters.
5. There are so many small things we can do in our daily lives to help the earth recover.

- 〔Ⅲ〕 以下の英文を読んで、問(24)～問(28)について最も適切なものを1～4のうちからそれぞれ選び、その番号を解答用紙の所定欄にマークしなさい。なお、★のついた語句には注があります。

[1] Information is an important part of our society. People depend on it to guide them through a complex world.

[2] The invention of movable type* in 15th century Europe revolutionized the communication of ideas. This invention made it possible to 24.

[3] This free flow of information eventually led to a free press* in many parts of the world. But because information is so powerful, many world leaders have tried to stop it.

[4] French leader Napoleon Bonaparte once said he feared four newspapers more than 1,000 arms.

[5] The Chinese emperor who oversaw the building of the Great Wall* famously used his power to stop published information. Qin Shi Huang* ordered the burning of thousands of books on subjects he wanted to keep from the people. He even had hundreds of scholars executed* for refusing to give up their book collections.

[6] Even powerful leaders in modern times have succeeded in blocking material they do not want the people to see, as in Russia and China.

[7] But when true information is allowed to reach the people, good results can follow. Information has fueled successful revolutions in many nations. World leaders have been forced to be responsible for their actions.

[8] Advances in media technology have made words and images more powerful and widespread than ever. Smartphones and social media have become quick and easy tools to receive and share news and information. These tools have even made it possible for anyone with a device to gather and publish “news.”

[9] This media environment makes it important for us to be able to recognize reliable information. True information gives us the facts to guide our decisions and actions.

英 語

[10] In addition to informing, news can also divert*. This means it can focus our attention on something we are interested in as a kind of escape. An example would be news about subjects we seek out for enjoyment, such as entertainment, celebrities or sports.

[11] News can also serve as a way to connect us as human beings. This could include stories about tragedies or uplifting events that affect us emotionally. Such stories can lead people to join a cause or donate money to help those in need.

[出典] <https://learningenglish.voanews.com/a/news-literacy-lesson-1-real-news-vs-fake-news/4388008.html>(一部改変)

〈注〉

*movable type: 活版印刷

*a free press: 自由な報道

*the Great Wall: 万里の長城

*Qin Shi Huang: 始皇帝

*executed: 処刑された

*divert: 気を晴らす

問(24) Choose the most suitable words to fill in

24

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1. print and publish information to many people
2. provide people with false information
3. make people angrier
4. trouble many people because there was a lot of information

問(25) According to the paragraph [3], [4] and [5], which of the following is true? 25

1. Napoleon Bonaparte supported newspapers industry.
2. Napoleon Bonaparte owned a newspaper company.
3. Many world leaders tried to stop the free flow of information.
4. Hundreds of scholars were supported by Qin Shi Huang.

問(26) According to the paragraph [7] and [8], which of the following is true? 26

1. It is not necessarily good that true information is allowed to reach the people.
2. Advances in media technology have enabled people to get more kinds of information than ever.
3. The progress of information technology led to the failure of revolutions.
4. Smartphones and social media make it difficult for people get information.

問(27) According to the paragraph [10] and [11], which of the following is true? 27

1. News sometimes annoys us.
2. We only pay attention to news that we are strongly interested in.
3. News sometimes helps us to relate to each other.
4. We sometimes dislike listening to sad stories.

問(28) Which is the best title of this passage? 28

1. World Great Leaders
2. How Information Shapes Society
3. Modern Information Tools
4. News and Entertainment

英 語

- 〔Ⅳ〕 以下の英文を読んで、問(29)～問(34)について最も適切なものを1～4のうちからそれぞれ選び、その番号を解答用紙の所定欄にマークしなさい。

[1] Wilbur and Orville Wright are the American inventors who made a small engine-powered flying machine. They proved that 29.

[2] Wilbur Wright was born in 1867 near Melville, Indiana. His brother Orville was born four years later in Dayton, Ohio.

[3] As they grew up, the Wright brothers experimented with mechanical things. Later, the Wright brothers began to design their own flying machine. They used ideas they had developed from earlier experiments with a toy helicopter, kites, the printing machine and bicycles.

[4] Soon, they needed a place to test their ideas about flight. The best place with the best wind conditions seemed to be a piece of sandy land in North Carolina along the coast of the Atlantic Ocean. It was called Kill Devil Hill, near the town of Kitty Hawk.

[5] The Wright brothers did many tests with gliders at Kitty Hawk. With these tests, 31.

[6] By the autumn of 1903, Wilbur and Orville had designed and built an airplane powered by a gasoline engine. The plane had wings 12 meters across. It weighed about 340 kilograms, including the pilot.

[7] On December 17th, 1903, they made the world's first flight in a machine that was heavier than air and powered by an engine. Orville flew the plane 36 meters. He was in the air for 12 seconds. The two brothers made three more flights that day.

[8] Four other men watched the Wright brothers' first flights. One of the men took pictures. Few newspapers, however, noted the event.

[9] It was almost five years before the Wright brothers became famous. In 1908, Wilbur went to France. He gave demonstration flights at heights of 90 meters. A French company agreed to begin making the Wright brothers' flying machine.

[10] Orville made successful flights in the United States at the time Wilbur was in France. The United States War Department agreed to buy a Wright brothers' plane. Wilbur and Orville suddenly became world heroes. But the brothers were not seeking fame. They returned to Dayton where they continued to improve their airplanes. They taught many others how to fly. Wilbur Wright died of typhoid fever in 1912. Orville Wright continued designing and inventing until he died many years later, in 1948.

[11] Today, the Wright brothers' first airplane is in the Air and Space Museum in Washington, D.C. Visitors to the museum can look at the Wright brothers' small plane. Then they can walk to another area and see space vehicles and a rock collected from the moon. The world has changed a lot since Wilbur and Orville Wright began the modern age of flight over one hundred years ago.

[出典] <https://learningenglish.voanews.com/a/wilbur-and-orville-wright-the-first-airplane/7998765.html>

問(29) Choose the most suitable words to fill in

29

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1. the invention of aircraft was impossible
2. the brothers would eventually fail
3. flight without the aid of gas-filled balloons was possible
4. gas-filled balloons were superior to an engine-powered flying machine

問(30) According to the paragraph [3], which of the following is true?

30

1. The Wright brothers did not carry out any experiments.
2. The Wright brothers failed to design their own flying machine.
3. Earlier experiments with various devices helped the Wright brothers to invent the aircraft.
4. The Wright brothers did not get along with each other.

英 語

問(31) Choose the most suitable words to fill in

31

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1. they learned how to solve many problems
2. they advised other inventors to stop making aircrafts
3. they had fights with each other
4. they gave up their efforts

問(32) According to the paragraph [7] and [8], which of the following is *false*?

32

1. The Wright brothers succeeded in the world's first flight in a machine that was heavier than air and powered by an engine in 1903.
2. The Wright brothers made more than one flight on December 17th, 1903.
3. No one watched the Wright brothers' first flights.
4. The news of the first flight was little known to people.

問(33) According to the paragraph [9] and [10], which of the following is true?

33

1. A French company did not accept the offer of the Wright brothers' suggestion.
2. The United States War Department decided to purchase a Wright brothers' plane.
3. The Wright Brothers wanted to be very famous.
4. After Wilbur Wright died, Orville Wright stopped making aircrafts.

問(34) Which is the best title of this passage?

34

1. The History of Space Vehicles
2. How the Wright Brothers Succeeded
3. The Importance of Scientific Discoveries
4. How the Wright Brothers Grew Up in Melville, Indiana

英語

問題番号	正解
1	4
2	1
3	4
4	1
5	4
6	4
7	1
8	1
9	4
10	2
11	3
12	3
13	4
14	4
15	1
16	5
17	3
18	4
19	4
20	3
21	2
22	1
23	5
24	1
25	3
26	2
27	3
28	2
29	3
30	3
31	1
32	3
33	2
34	2